

Received Date:	26 January 2026
Expires:	27 March 2026
Application Number:	260169
Site:	31 Silverdale Road, Earley, Wokingham, RG6 7LN
Application:	Application for a certificate of lawfulness for the proposed internal amendments, removal of chimney, changes to fenestration plus installation of warm roof to replace existing flat roof.

1. Relevant Planning History

Application Number	Proposal	Decision Date	Decision	Relevant Conditions
07556	Single storey extension	16/02/78	C/A	Condition 3
990457	Proposed single storey side/rear extension to dwelling and rear dormer extension	25/06/99	C/A	N/A
222539	Householder application for the proposed raising of the roof to create first floor habitable accommodation, two storey front extension, single storey front extension to create a porch, part single part two storey rear extension, alterations to garage roof plus changes to fenestration following the demolition of the chimney.	07/10/22	C/A	N/A

2. Site Description

Single storey dwelling with first floor habitable space

3. Land/ Property Designations

- There are no listed buildings at the site and the property is not within 'Article 2(3) land' (Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015).
- The site is not subject to potential bat roosting.
- The site is located Major Development Locations of Earley.

4. Legislation

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

- s.55 Provides that '*development*' includes the carrying out of building operations on land, and '*building operations*' includes structural alterations or additions to buildings.
- s.57 Planning permission is needed for all development of land.
- s.187a Enforcement for breach of conditions
- s.192 Applications for Certificates of Lawfulness of proposed use or development.
- s.191 Defines operations as 'lawful' if:
- (a) No enforcement action may be taken in respect of them (whether because they did not involve development or require planning permission or because the time for enforcement action has expired or for any other reason); and

(b) They do not constitute a contravention of any of the requirements of any enforcement notice then in force.

Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (GPDO)

Article 3 In conjunction with Schedule 2 (Part 1) (Class A) grants planning permission for the “*enlargement, improvement or other alteration of a dwellinghouse*”.

Article 4 Provides that the planning authority may give direction to restrict the effect of Article 3.

5. The Public Sector Equality Duty (Equality Act 2010):

In determining this application the Council is required to have due regard to its obligations under the Equality Act 2010. The key equalities protected characteristics include age, disability, gender, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief. There is no indication or evidence (including from consultation on the application) that persons with protected characteristics as identified by the Act have or will have different needs, experiences, issues and priorities in relation to this particular planning application and there would be no significant adverse impacts as a result of the development.

Class A – Enlargement, Improvement or other alteration of dwelling

6. Relevant details of the proposal: Changes to fenestration.

7. Assessment against legislation:

			Yes	No
s.55	1	Does it constitute development?	✓	
s.191	2	Would it be contrary to an enforcement notice?		✓
s.187a Art.3 (4)	3	Would it be contrary to any condition imposed by any planning permission granted or deemed to be granted?		✓
Art.3 (5)	4	Are the building operations involved in the construction of the original building lawful?	✓	
Art.3 (6)	5	Does it involve the formation, laying out or material widening of a means of access to an existing highway which is a trunk or classified road, or creates an obstruction to the view of persons using any highway used by vehicular traffic, so as to be likely to cause danger to such persons?		✓
Art.4	6	Is there an ‘Article 4 Direction’ in effect for the site?		✓
Sch.2 Pt.1 A	7	Does it consist of enlargement, improvement or other alteration of a dwellinghouse?	✓	
A.1(a)	8	Has permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use)?		✓
A.1(b)	9	Would the total area of ground covered by buildings (other than the original dwelling) exceed 50% of the total area of the curtilage?		✓
A.1(c)	10	Would the height of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered exceed the height of the highest part of the roof of the existing dwellinghouse?		✓
A.1(d)	11	Would the height of the eaves of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered would exceed the height of the eaves of the existing dwellinghouse?		✓

			Yes	No
A.1(e)	12	Would the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse extend beyond a wall which - (i) fronts the principal elevation of the original house; or (ii) fronts a highway and forms a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse?		✓
A.1(f)	13	If the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse is single storey, would it either: (i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than: 4 metres in the case of a detached dwellinghouse 3 metres in the case of any other dwellinghouse; or (ii) exceed 4 metres in height		✓
A.1(g)	14	For a dwellinghouse not in article 2 (3) land (incl conservation area) if the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse is single-storey, would it either (i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than: 8 metres in the case of a detached dwellinghouse 6 metres in the case of any other dwellinghouse; or (ii) exceed 4 metres in height NB: As per Para A.4 of Part 1 of for development that exceeds the limits in para A.1 (f) (question 13) but is allowed by para A.1 (g) (question 14) <u>Prior Approval via the 'Neighbours Notification Scheme' is required</u>		✓
A.1(h)	15	If the extension would be more than a single storey would it: (i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 3 metres, or (ii) be within 7 metres of the rear boundary of the curtilage.		✓
A.1(i)	16	Would the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would be within 2 metres of the boundary with an eaves height in excess of 3 metres?		✓
A.1(j)	17	Would the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse and: (i) exceed 4 metres in height, (ii) have more than a single storey, or (ii) have a width greater than half the width of the original dwellinghouse		✓
A.1(k)	18	Would the development consist of or include: (i) the construction or provision of a verandah, balcony or raised platform, (ii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a microwave antenna, (iii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe, or (iv) an alteration to any part of the roof of the dwellinghouse.		✓
A.2(a)	19	Article 2(3) land (inc. conservation areas): a. Would the development consist of or include the cladding of any part of the exterior of the dwellinghouse with stone, artificial		✓

			Yes	No
		stone, pebble dash, render, timber, plastic or tiles?		
A.2(b)	20	b. Would the extension extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse?		✓
A.2(c)	21	c. Would the extension have more than a single storey and extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse?		✓
	22	Would it affect or be within the Root Protection Area of a TPO'd tree? <i>* Does not affect Article 3 permission but separate TPO approval will likely be needed.</i>		✓

8. Conclusion

The proposed changes to fenestration constitutes development and thus requires planning permission. Permission is available under Article 3 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015, the proposal being in accordance with Schedule 2 (Part 1) (Class A) of the Order.

Note: In The Town and Country Planning Act 1990 – Section 55, “development,” means the carrying out of building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land, or the making of any material change in the use of any buildings or other land.

Section 55(2) states: The following operations or uses of land shall not be taken for the purposes of this Act to involve development of the land—

- (a) the carrying out for the maintenance, improvement or other alteration of any building of works which—
 - (i) affect only the interior of the building

Therefore, the proposed internal amendments do not constitute as development and don't require planning permission.

The removal of the chimney does not constitute development requiring planning permission, as it represents the demolition of a minor element of the building rather than “relevant demolition” as defined in planning legislation, and does not amount to a building operation or material alteration requiring express consent given the cubic content would be less than 50m³ and the building is not within a Conservation Area.

Class C – Any other alteration to the roof (eg roof lights)

9. Relevant details of the proposal: Rooflight on front elevation and SunPipe on rear elevation and installation of warm roof to replace existing flat roof.

10. Assessment against legislation:

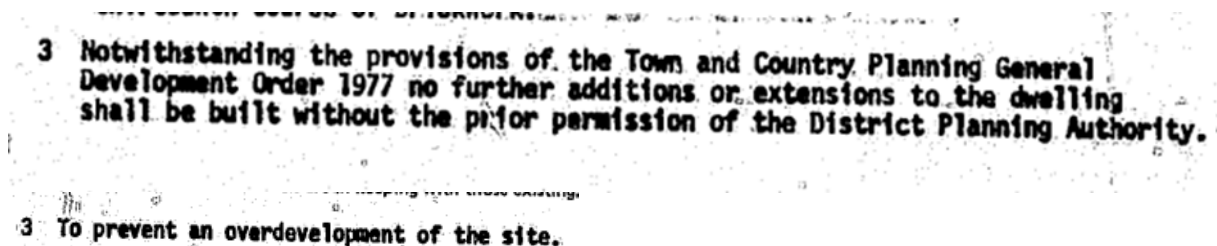
			Yes	No
s.55	1	Does it constitute development?	✓	
s.191	2	Would it be contrary to an enforcement notice?		✓
s.187a Art.3	3	Would it be contrary to any condition imposed by any planning permission granted or deemed to be granted?		✓
Art.3 (5)	4	Are the building operations involved in the construction of the original building lawful?	✓	

			Yes	No
Art.4	5	Is there an 'Article 4 Direction' in effect for the site?		✓
Sch.2 Pt. 1 C	6	Does the development consist of a roof alteration (other than enlargement)?	✓	
C.1(a)	7	Has permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use)?		✓
C.1(b)	8	Would the alteration protrude more than 0.15 metres beyond the plane of the slope of the original roof when measured from the perpendicular with the external surface of the original roof?		✓
C.1(c)	9	Would it result in the highest part of the alteration being higher than the highest part of the original roof?		✓
C.1(d)	10	Would it consist of or include: (i) the installation, alteration or replacement of a chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe, or (ii) the installation, alteration or replacement of solar photovoltaics or solar thermal equipment?		✓
	11	Would it affect a TPO'd tree? <i>* Does not affect Article 3 permission but separate TPO approval may be needed.</i>		✓

11. Conclusion

The proposed rooflight, SunPipe and replacement roof constitutes development requiring planning permission. Permission is granted under Article 3 of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015, the proposal being in accordance with Schedule 2 (Part 1) (Class C) of the Order.

Note: See below condition 3 of consent 07556.



The condition restricting further additions or extensions to the dwelling was imposed to prevent the overdevelopment of the site. The condition is explicitly limited to extensions and additions, whereas the changes proposed are considered to constitute alterations and improvements only, rather than additional built footprint development which falls outside the scope of the condition.

DRAFT APPROVED

HMM

Development Management Team Leader

Date: 25 March 2026