

118 Reading Road
Finchampstead
Berkshire
RG40 4RA

Bat Emergence Survey

Report ref.: R3219_BES_a

<i>Report Quality Control Information</i>	
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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1.1** John Wenman Ecological Consultancy LLP was instructed by Mr Geoff Noronha to undertake a Bat Emergence Survey (BES) at 118 Reading Road in Finchampstead, Berkshire. The survey was commissioned to accompany a householder planning application to be submitted to Wokingham Borough Council seeking consent for a single-storey side and rear extension following the removal of the existing garage.
- 1.1.2** The BES was commissioned following a Preliminary Roost Assessment (PRA) completed by John Wenman Ecological Consultancy on the 13th May 2026 (Report ref.: S3219_PRA_a). During the PRA, approximately 50 medium-sized bat droppings of a shape and size most typical of those deposited by the void-dwelling long-eared bat species (*Plecotus sp.*) were observed within the roof void. Externally, the property had potential ingress opportunities and roost features suitable for use by crevice-dwelling bats, such as pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus spp.*) and small *Myotis* species. These features included missing ridge mortar, damaged hip tile and loosely overlapping bituminous felt around the flue pipe. Therefore, the property has a confirmed roost within the roof void and was assigned moderate potential suitability for roosting bats overall.
- 1.1.3** In accordance with best practice guidance (Collins 2023), two evening emergence survey visits were conducted for the property on the 5th and 26th August 2026. No bats were observed emerging from the property during the survey. Low activity of brown long-eared bats were recorded during the survey, combined with the number and location of the observed droppings within the roof void indicate the presence of a likely historic long-eared day roost used by one individual or infrequently by low numbers of bats.
- 1.1.4** The survey data shows that the proposals are highly unlikely to result in bat roosts being damaged or destroyed, or to bats being disturbed. As such, a European Protected Species Mitigation Licence is not required for the planned works to go ahead lawfully. In the absence of mitigation, there is a small risk of disturbance from works that will temporarily open up the roof void and cause noise, dust and vibrations. Therefore, a non-licensed precautionary method of working will be adopted to minimise the risk of disturbance.
- 1.1.5** This report contains information regarding a mobile species so it will likely be valid for up to 12 months only (CIEEM 2019b).

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Project Background

2.1.1 John Wenman Ecological Consultancy LLP was instructed by Mr Geoff Noronha to undertake a Bat Emergence Survey (BES) at 118 Reading Road in Finchampstead, Berkshire. The survey was commissioned to accompany a householder planning application to be submitted to Wokingham Borough Council seeking consent for a single-storey side and rear extension following the removal of the existing garage.

2.1.2 The Bat Emergence Survey follows a Preliminary Roost Assessment for bats (PRA) conducted by John Wenman Ecological Consultancy on 13th May 2026 (Report ref.: S3219_PRA_a).

2.1.3 During the PRA, approximately 50 medium-sized bat droppings of a shape and size most typical of those deposited by the void-dwelling long-eared bat species (*Plecotus sp.*) were observed within the roof void. Externally, the property had potential ingress opportunities and roost features suitable for use by crevice-dwelling bats, such as pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus spp.*) and small *Myotis* species. These features included missing ridge mortar, damaged hip tile and loosely overlapping bituminous felt around the flue pipe. Therefore, the property has a confirmed roost within the roof void and was assigned moderate potential suitability for roosting bats overall.

2.1.4 The PRA report recommends the following:

'A minimum of two dusk emergence survey visits should be undertaken in the period of May to August; the survey visits should be spaced at least three weeks apart. These survey visits will determine the presence or likely absence of bats which is necessary to inform an impact assessment and mitigation strategy.'

2.2 Site Location and Context

2.2.1 The detached bungalow is located on the eastern side of Reading Road in Finchampstead, Berkshire (central OS grid reference: SU 76884 63167).

2.2.2 The site is within a suburban setting with neighbouring residential properties and their associated gardens to the north, south and west along Reading Road. An area of deciduous woodland is present directly east of the property, with Poor's Copse – a parcel of ancient and semi-natural woodland - present 90m to the east

of the site. Grazing pasture is present beyond the woodland to the north-east and south-east of the site, with open farmland present in the further surroundings to the north-west of the site. There are numerous bodies of water in the near vicinity to the site, the closest ones being approximately 280m to the south-west and 450m to the north and north-east of the site, with Long River present approximately 410m to the south of the site, which is bordered by woodland and open grassland.

- 2.2.3** Overall, the nearby habitats provide suitable commuting and high-quality foraging opportunities for bats adapted to roosting in suburban environments.

2.3 Report Objectives

- 2.3.1** The aim of the bat emergence survey is to determine the presence or likely absence of roosting bats and to characterise the bat roost(/s) in cases where presence is confirmed. The emergence survey findings inform an impact assessment and mitigation strategy for the development proposals and ascertain whether a European Protected Species (EPS) mitigation licence would be required to allow the works to proceed lawfully.

3 LEGISLATIVE AND POLICY BACKGROUND

3.1 Relevant Legislation

3.1.1 In England and Wales, all bat species found in the wild are fully protected under the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) (WCA) and Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended); the regulations are commonly referred to as the Habitat Regulations and hereafter referred to as such. The Habitat Regulations refer to European Protected Species (EPS) and all species of bats in the United Kingdom (UK) are EPS. Although the UK left the European Union on the 31st January 2020 and is therefore no longer tied to European legislation, the Habitat Regulations have been retained in their current format.

3.1.2 The legal framework underpinned by the WCA and Habitat Regulations makes these specific actions an offence as follows:

- Deliberately kill, injure, capture or take a wild bat;
- Deliberately, intentionally or recklessly disturb bats; in particular any disturbance which is likely to impair their ability to survive, to breed or reproduce, to rear or nurture their young, to hibernate or migrate, or to significantly affect local distribution or abundance;
- Damage or destroy a place used by a bat for breeding or resting; and
- Intentionally or recklessly obstruct access to any place used by a bat for shelter or protection.

3.2 Planning Policy

3.2.1 The biodiversity duty imposed through the Environment Act 2021 states that Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) must consider what action they can take to conserve and enhance biodiversity in England. Government planning policy, such as the ODPM Circular 06/2005, requires LPAs to account for the conservation of protected species when considering and determining planning applications.

3.2.2 The ODPM Circular 06/2005 states that 'the presence of a protected species is a material consideration when a planning authority is considering a development proposal that, if carried out, would be likely to result in harm to the species or its habitat.' This policy means that in instances where there is a reasonable likelihood of bats being present and affected by a

development, surveys must be undertaken to inform a mitigation strategy to be agreed prior to granting planning permission.

3.3 Mitigation Licensing

3.3.1 The government's statutory nature conservation body, Natural England, is responsible for issuing European Protected Species (EPS) mitigation licences that would permit activities that would otherwise lead to an infringement of the Habitat Regulations. An EPS mitigation licence can be issued if the following three tests derived from Regulation 55 have been satisfied:

- (2)(e) – the derogation is for the purposes of '*preserving public health or public safety or other imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment.*'
- (9)(a) – there is '*no satisfactory alternative*' to the derogation; and
- (9)(b) – '*the action authorised will not be detrimental to the maintenance of the population of the species concerned at a favourable conservation status in their natural range.*'

3.3.2 LPAs have a statutory duty under Regulation 7(3)(e) of the Habitat Regulations to consider and determine whether these three tests are likely to be satisfied by planning proposals affecting EPS before granting planning permission. If an EPS mitigation licence is necessary, a licence can be sought once all the necessary planning consents have been granted. Natural England aims to issue a decision on licence applications within 30 working days of submission.

3.3.3 The Bat Mitigation Class Licence (BMCL) scheme allows ecologists to apply to become Registered Consultants to use this licence for low conservation status roosts, i.e. roosts comprising small numbers of seven commonly occurring species. A site registration form must be completed as a condition of the licence and submitted to Natural England at least three weeks before the licensable activities are due to start; Natural England aims to register sites within two weeks of submission.

3.3.4 Baseline survey information supporting EPS mitigation licence applications or BMCL site registrations must be up-to-date and have been completed within the current or most recent optimal season. A suitably experienced

ecologist will be required to undertake a site walkover/check within three months prior to application/registration submission to confirm that conditions have not changed since the most recent survey.

4 SURVEY METHODOLOGY

4.1 Background Data Search

4.1.1 The Berkshire and South Buckinghamshire Bat Group (BSBBG) was commissioned to carry out a search of pre-existing records held by them for the site and land within a 2km radius. In addition, the MAGIC website was used to search for previous European Protected Species (EPS) licenses granted within a 2km radius.

4.2 Emergence Survey

4.2.1 Two dusk emergence survey visits were undertaken for the property on the 5th and 26th August 2026 by experienced bat surveyors Vicky Potts – registered under Natural England Bat Survey Class Licence CL18 (Registration no. 2025-85632-CL18-BAT), Meghan Porter-Smith – registered under Natural England Bat Survey Class Licence CL17 (2025-86253-CL17-BAT), Lauren Hayward and Alex Porter-Smith.

4.2.2 The equipment used during the survey included full-spectrum sampling bat detectors (Batlogger Elekon M and M2) and thermal imaging and infrared night vision aids (Pulsar Helion XP28, Pixfra ARC A613 and Nightfox Whisker). A still shot of the darkest points/viewpoints of the surveys has been included for the night vision aids in **Appendix 1**.

4.2.3 The surveyors were located on the driveway to the front of the house and within the garden to the rear of the house and an additional camera was used on the front elevation to ensure full coverage of all potential roosting features – refer to the locations shown in the emergence survey plan in **Appendix 2**.

4.2.4 The emergence survey started 15 minutes before sunset and continued for 1 hour and 30 minutes after sunset. Within a five-day period after the survey, the bat call recordings were processed and analysed using the BatExplorer computer software package and the night vision video footage was reviewed in the VLC Media Player.

4.3 Survey Constraints

4.3.1 There were no significant constraints to the bat emergence surveys, which were undertaken during the optimal survey season, i.e. May to August, and

in conditions suitable for bat activity, i.e. dry and calm with air temperatures 10°C or above at sunset (Collins 2023).

- 4.3.2** This report contains information regarding a mobile species so it will likely be valid for up to 12 months only (CIEEM 2019b).

5 SURVEY FINDINGS

5.1 Overview

- 5.1.1** The results from the data search are detailed below. The bat emergence survey findings are described below, summarised in the **Tables 1 & 2** below and illustrated in the survey plan in **Appendix 2**; the raw detector data is supplied in **Appendix 3**.

5.2 Background Data Search

- 5.2.1** The BSBBG returned records for at least eight bat species: common pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus*), soprano pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*), Nathusius' pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus nathusii*), brown long-eared (*Plecotus auritus*), common noctule (*Nyctalus noctula*), Leisler's bat (*Nyctalus leisleri*), Daubenton's bat (*Myotis daubentonii*), serotine bat (*Eptesicus serotinus*) and unidentified *Myotis* species.
- 5.2.2** The closest records are for *P. pipistrellus*, *P. pygmaeus*, *N. noctule*, *E. serotinus* and *Myotis* bats recorded during an emergence survey of a residential building along Reading Road in 2018, just over 110m to the south of the site. Evidence of a *Pl. auritus* roost was found within a property 720m to the south-east of the site in 2018, with *P. pipistrellus* and *P. pygmaeus* bats observed emerging from the building during emergence surveys, and *M. daubentonii* bats also recorded during the survey.

5.3 Emergence Survey

5th August 2026

- 5.3.1** No bats were observed emerging from the property during the survey.

Table 1. Weather conditions and survey timings

	Wind (BF0-12)	Cloud cover (%)	Rain	Temp start (°C)	Temp end (°C)
Weather	2-3	0	Dry	21	17
Start time	20:30	Sunset time	20:45	Finish time	22:15

Table 2a. Surveyor recordings at Survey Location 1

Species	Recordings*	Emergences	Time of first call after sunset
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	171	None	20:56 (11)
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	16	None	21:01 (16)
<i>Myotis</i> sp.	1	None	21:09 (24)
<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i>	2	None	21:11 (26)
<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	4	None	21:36 (51)
<i>Plecotus auritus</i>	2	None	22:14 (89)

Table 2b. Surveyor recordings at Survey Location 2

Species	Recordings*	Emergences	Time of first call
---------	-------------	------------	--------------------

			after sunset
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	111	None	20:57 (12)
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	10	None	21:01 (16)
<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	2	None	21:21 (36)

*recordings are the number of times that the detector was triggered when bat calls were detected.

5.3.2 The first bat recorded during the survey was a common pipistrelle (*P. pipistrellus*) bat that was first heard by the surveyor at Location 1 at 20:56 (11 minutes after sunset) and recorded by the surveyor at Location 2 a minute later. A soprano pipistrelle (*P. pygmaeus*) bat was first heard and seen by both surveyors at 21:01 (16 minutes after sunset). An unidentified *Myotis* species was recorded on one occasion passing survey Location 1 at 21:09, 24 minutes after sunset. These timings fall within the typical emergence period for both species, indicating that these species are roosting nearby.

5.3.3 Noctule (*N. noctula*) bats were recorded commuting over the property by both surveyors during the survey, while serotine (*E. serotinus*) and an individual brown long-eared (*Pl. auritus*) bat were only recorded by the surveyor at Location 1 to the front of the property. These species were recorded outside of their typical emergence period, and therefore are presumed to have not emerged from nearby roosts. The level of bat activity was moderate during the survey and primarily comprised common pipistrelle bats (*P. Pipistrellus*) commuting and foraging across the site.

26th August 2026

5.3.4 No bats were observed emerging from the property during the survey.

Table 3. Weather conditions and survey timings

	Wind (BF0-12)	Cloud cover (%)	Rain	Temp start (°C)	Temp end (°C)
Weather	0-1	50	Dry	23	20
Start time	19:47	Sunset time	20:02	Finish time	21:32

Table 4a. Surveyor recordings at Survey Location 1

Species	Recordings*	Emergences	Time of first call after sunset
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	27	None	20:08 (6)
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8	None	20:15 (13)
<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	1	None	20:38 (36)
<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	2	None	21:05 (63)

Table 4b. Surveyor recordings at Survey Location 1

Species	Recordings*	Emergences	Time of first call after sunset
<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	35	None	20:08 (6)
<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14	None	20:15 (13)
<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	4	None	20:38 (36)
<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	3	None	21:05 (63)

**recordings are the number of times that the detector was triggered when bat calls were detected.*

- 5.3.5** The first bat recorded during the survey was a soprano pipistrelle (*P. pygmaeus*) bat that was seen by both surveyors emerging from the neighbouring dwelling to the south of the site at 20:08 (6 minutes after sunset). A common pipistrelle (*P. pipistrellus*) bat was first recorded passing on the southern side of the site by both surveyors at 20:15 (13 minutes after sunset). These timings fall within the typical emergence period for both species, indicating that these species are roosting nearby.
- 5.3.6** Noctule (*N. noctula*) bats were first recorded at 20:38, 36 minutes after sunset, which is outside of their typical emergence time. Barbastelle (*B. barbastellus*) bats were recorded passing unseen by both surveyors at 21:05. The level of bat activity was moderate and primarily comprised common pipistrelle bats (*P. Pipistrellus*), with occasional soprano pipistrelle (*P. pygmaeus*) bat foraging passes along the front, eastern and western elevations of the house.

6 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 Assessment of Bat Roost Status

6.1.1 During the survey, no bats were seen emerging from the property. Common pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus*) and soprano pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*) bats were recorded within 16 minutes after sunset during both emergence surveys, with a soprano pipistrelle bat observed emerging from the neighbouring property during the second survey. These recordings are within the typical emergence time period for these species, so they are presumed to be roosting in the vicinity.

6.1.2 A brown long-eared (*Plecotus auritus*) bat was recorded during the first emergence survey by the surveyor at Location 1 to the front of the property only, however the first call recorded was at 22:14, which was towards the end of the survey. The bat pass was recorded outside of the emergence window for this species, and therefore was presumed to not have emerged from nearby and was likely commuting or foraging over the site. There are records of brown long-eared bats recorded using nearby properties along Reading Road in the last 10 years, with the most recent record within 1km of the site being a passing bat recorded during an emergence survey during 2022.

6.1.3 The small number of bat droppings observed during the PRA were located beside the chimney and partially underneath the top layer of fibreglass insulation. There was no clear access points observed externally or internally within the void around the location of the droppings, with moderate level of cobwebs observed along the ridge throughout. The low activity recorded on site during the emergence surveys, in combination with the location and low number of droppings within the void, indicate the presence of a likely historic long-eared day roost, used by one individual or infrequently used by low numbers. The survey data provide sufficient confidence that roosting bats are likely absent from the property currently.

6.2 Impact of Proposals and Recommendations

6.2.1 The planning proposals seek consent for a single-storey rear and side extension, following the demolition of the existing garage. The survey data shows that the development proposals are highly unlikely to result in the damage or destruction of any bat roosts, but in the absence of mitigation

measures, there is a low risk of disturbance of bats if occupying the roost at the time of the works.

6.2.2 The roof void will be temporarily opened to allow for the extension to be joined to the southern side of the building, but in the long-term the void will remain, as will the chimney at the southern end of the roof which is likely the historic access point for bats.

6.2.3 As there has been evidence of bats using the property in the past, a Precautionary Method of Working should be adopted. In the absence of mitigation, there is a small risk of disturbance from works that will temporarily open up the roof void and cause noise, dust and vibrations. Therefore, a non-licensed precautionary method of working will be adopted to minimise the risk of disturbance:

- A toolbox talk to the contractors working on site detailing the location of past use by a brown long-eared bat (*P. auritus*), the legislation that protects bats and their roosts, good working practices, the measures that are required to protect bats during the work and what to do if bats are found;
- A pre-work check of the roof void by a licensed ecologist prior to roof works to confirm that no bats are visible and vulnerable to disturbance; if present, the roof works will not commence until the bat has left independently or a bat mitigation licence will be sought if the impacts are assessed and there are concerns over the works resulting in contravention of the legislation; and
- Any new roof lining required for the new extension will be bituminous roofing felt that does not contain polypropylene/polyethylene filaments, such as bitumen felt type 1F, or a non-bitumen coated 'breathable' membrane that has passed the snagging propensity test, such as TLX 'Bat Safe'; other non-bitumen coated membranes, which are harmful to bats, must be avoided.

6.2.4 If this non-licensed precautionary method of working is adhered to, the proposals are considered highly unlikely to cause disturbance that would impair the ability of bats to survive, breed or reproduce or nurture their young, or lead to the loss of a bat roost. Therefore, a European Protected

Species (EPS) mitigation licence would not be required to allow these works to go ahead lawfully.

- 6.2.5** In the unlikely event that bats are encountered during the course of the rest of the construction when an ecologist is not present, the work must stop immediately and a suitably licensed ecologist should be called to site to attend to the bat(s) and provide further advice on how to proceed; work must only continue once further written advice has been received. At this point, an EPS mitigation licence may be required to permit the work to continue lawfully.

7 REFERENCES

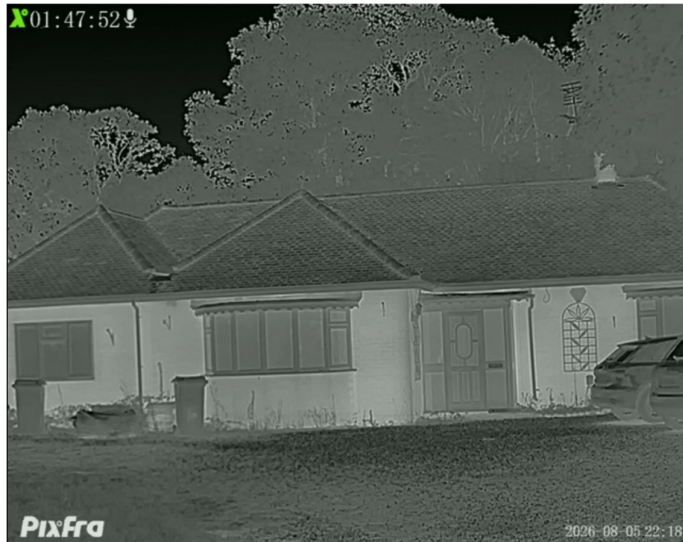
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Mathews F., Kubasiewicz L.M., Gurnell J., Harrower C.A., McDonald R.A., Shore R.F. (2018). *A Review of the Population and Conservation Status of British Mammals*. A report by the Mammal Society under contract to Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage. Natural England, Peterborough. ISBN 978-1-78354-494-3.

Mitchell-Jones, A. J. & McLeish, A. P. (2004). *Bat Workers' Manual (3RD Edition)*. JNCC, Peterborough.

Reason, P.F. and Wray, S. (2025). *UK Bat Mitigation Guidelines: a guide to impact assessment, mitigation and compensation for developments affecting bats*. Chartered Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management, Ampfield.

APPENDIX 1 – DARKEST POINT/VIEWPOINT OF SURVEY FOR NIGHT VISION AIDS



Pixfra ARC A613 at Surveyor Location 1 (05/08/26).



Pixfra ARC A613 at Surveyor Location 2 (05/08/26).



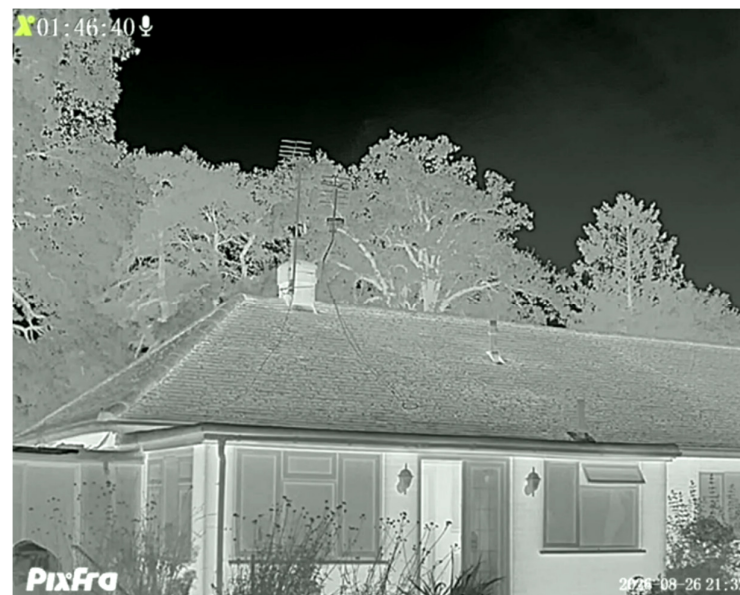
Pulsar Helion XP24 at Surveyor Location 1 (05/08/26).



Nightfox Whisker at Surveyor Location 1 (26/08/26).

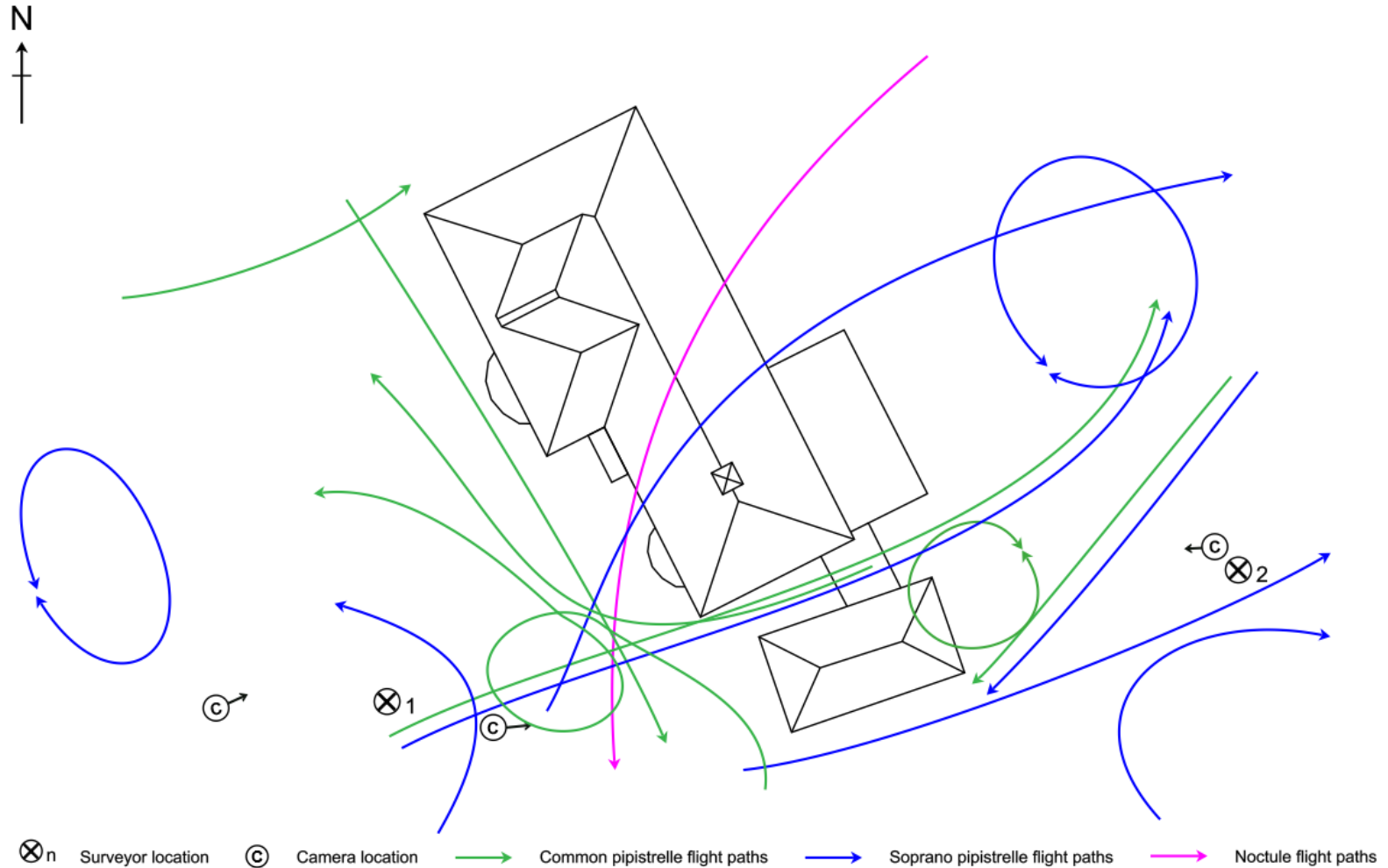


Pixfra ARC A613 at Surveyor Location 1 (26/08/26).



Pixfra ARC A613 at Surveyor Location 2 (26/08/26).

APPENDIX 2 – BAT EMERGENCE SURVEY FINDINGS



Drawn by:	Date:	Scale:	118 Reading Road, Finchampstead	
MPS	September 2026	Not to scale	Bat Emergence Survey Findings - All Flight Paths	

APPENDIX 3 – BAT EMERGENCE SURVEY RAW DATA TABLES

5th August 2026 – VP at Location 1 (Batlogger M)

Time	Species	Number of calls [#]
20:56:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
20:56:28	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
20:56:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:01:09	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	15
21:02:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:03:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:03:43	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	18
21:03:51	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:05:30	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:05:33	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:05:58	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
21:06:52	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
21:06:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	13
21:07:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:07:21	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	0*
21:07:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
21:09:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:09:34	<i>Myotis spec.</i>	3
21:11:18	<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i>	1
21:11:45	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	0*
21:11:47	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	12
21:11:51	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
21:12:45	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	5
21:12:56	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	6
21:15:39	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	13
21:18:57	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
21:19:44	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	7
21:19:56	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	19
21:22:26	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	25
21:23:18	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	1
21:23:21	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	13
21:23:31	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	9
21:26:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	36
21:26:44	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:27:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:27:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:27:44	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:28:09	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:28:24	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:28:33	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10

21:28:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	15
21:28:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
21:28:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:29:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:29:08	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:29:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:29:23	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	18
21:29:23	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
21:29:33	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:29:43	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
21:29:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:29:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:30:04	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:30:10	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:30:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:30:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	22
21:30:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:30:41	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:30:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:30:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	21
21:30:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:31:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	34
21:31:42	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	53
21:31:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:32:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:32:33	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:32:42	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:32:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:32:57	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	30
21:33:08	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:33:19	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:33:27	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:33:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	36
21:33:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:33:51	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:33:57	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	49
21:34:10	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:34:18	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
21:34:36	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	13
21:34:44	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:34:54	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	45
21:35:05	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2

21:35:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:35:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0*
21:35:21	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	28
21:35:32	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:35:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:36:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:36:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	21
21:36:22	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:36:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	44
21:36:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:37:01	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:37:05	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:37:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	30
21:37:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	41
21:37:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	48
21:37:53	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:37:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	26
21:38:08	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	39
21:38:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:38:30	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:38:32	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	72
21:38:52	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	65
21:39:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	52
21:39:26	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
21:39:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:39:39	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:39:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:39:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	31
21:40:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0*
21:40:13	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	20
21:40:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:40:27	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	75
21:40:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	55
21:41:04	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:41:09	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:41:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:41:18	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	33
21:41:28	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	30
21:41:39	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	19
21:41:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	26
21:41:55	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	26
21:42:08	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:42:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:42:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0*
21:42:17	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2

21:42:19	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	28
21:42:28	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	20
21:42:37	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:42:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:42:48	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	19
21:42:57	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	27
21:43:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	60
21:43:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:43:23	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	21
21:43:31	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:43:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:43:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:43:44	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	42
21:44:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:44:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	53
21:44:26	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:44:32	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0*
21:44:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	41
21:44:54	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:44:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	13
21:45:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	86
21:45:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	37
21:45:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:45:51	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	29
21:46:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:52:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:52:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:52:51	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:53:05	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0*
21:54:30	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:55:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
21:55:18	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:55:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	15
21:55:33	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	65
21:55:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	29
21:56:38	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:56:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	15
21:56:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
21:56:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:57:09	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
21:57:33	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
21:57:42	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	56
21:58:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:58:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	26
21:59:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	24

22:03:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
22:05:26	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	38
22:05:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	34
22:05:58	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	30
22:06:10	<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i>	12
22:06:19	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
22:06:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
22:06:55	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
22:07:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
22:07:39	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	13
22:07:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
22:07:57	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
22:08:05	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	15

22:09:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
22:10:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	13
22:10:27	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
22:10:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
22:11:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
22:11:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	20
22:12:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
22:14:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
22:14:27	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
22:14:35	<i>Plecotus auritus</i>	11
22:14:59	<i>Plecotus auritus</i>	3
22:14:59	<i>Plecotus auritus</i>	1

5th August 2026 – LH at Location 2 (Batlogger M2)

Time	Species	Number of calls [#]
20:56:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
20:56:28	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
20:57:19	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
20:57:23	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
20:57:55	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
20:57:55	Social calls	1
21:00:34	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	15
21:02:36	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
21:03:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
21:03:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:04:54	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	7
21:04:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	15
21:08:10	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	3
21:08:47	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	9
21:09:15	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	6
21:11:13	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	19
21:12:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:13:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:13:53	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:14:21	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:15:35	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	13
21:18:17	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	5
21:18:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	44
21:18:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	30
21:18:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:18:55	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:21:48	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	14
21:22:47	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	21
21:26:19	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11

21:26:24	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	33
21:26:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	34
21:27:04	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:27:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:27:09	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	50
21:27:24	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	25
21:27:38	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	30
21:27:57	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	20
21:28:03	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:28:07	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:28:16	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:28:23	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:28:38	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
21:28:53	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:29:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:29:18	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:29:29	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:29:41	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:29:51	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:30:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:30:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:30:09	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
21:30:22	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:30:24	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
21:30:36	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:30:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	20
21:30:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	29
21:31:01	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	18
21:31:12	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:31:24	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	20
21:31:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	42

21:31:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	32
21:31:59	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:32:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:32:21	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:32:28	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
21:32:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:32:37	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:32:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:32:57	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:33:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:33:08	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:33:21	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:33:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	21
21:33:36	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:33:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:33:52	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	48
21:34:06	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	24
21:34:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:34:39	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
21:34:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:34:48	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:34:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:35:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
21:35:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	26
21:35:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	25
21:35:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:35:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:36:21	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:36:27	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	15
21:37:21	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:38:30	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:38:41	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
21:39:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	14
21:39:36	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9

21:39:46	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	37
21:39:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:40:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	0
21:40:22	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:40:36	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:40:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:41:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:41:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:41:22	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	24
21:41:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:41:52	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	19
21:42:02	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	31
21:42:30	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:42:39	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:42:56	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	24
21:43:08	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:43:32	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	2
21:43:35	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
21:43:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:44:06	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:44:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	13
21:44:34	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:44:39	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:44:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
21:44:51	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	29
21:45:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
21:52:15	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	4
21:58:03	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	12
22:02:29	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	9
22:09:40	<i>Social calls</i>	1
22:09:40	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	1
22:10:19	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
22:10:19	<i>Social calls</i>	2

26th August 2026 – MPS at Location 1 (Batlogger M2)

Time	Species	Number of calls [#]
20:56:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
20:08:45	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	7
20:09:06	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	3
20:14:46	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	0*
20:14:48	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
20:14:51	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
20:15:00	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3

20:15:03	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
20:15:03	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
20:15:06	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
20:15:25	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
20:17:48	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
20:17:50	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
20:17:52	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	0*
20:17:54	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	4
20:24:39	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	6

20:25:19	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	7
20:25:33	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	3
20:27:13	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	4
20:29:13	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	10
20:35:04	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
20:36:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
20:38:30	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	4
20:40:11	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	27
20:43:06	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	15
20:46:08	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	8
20:47:27	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	5
20:48:41	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	14

20:50:46	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	8
20:51:37	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	6
20:58:06	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
21:01:10	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	4
21:05:56	<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	16
21:10:40	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	21
21:11:59	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	16
21:18:05	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	11
21:21:50	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	3
21:24:24	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	23
21:28:03	<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	7

26th August 2026 – APS at Location 2 (Batlogger M2)

Time	Species	Number of calls [#]
20:08:09	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
20:08:28	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	8
20:09:04	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	17
20:11:26	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	5
20:15:01	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	29
20:15:10	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	3
20:15:23	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	23
20:24:36	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	12
20:28:43	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	33
20:28:59	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	13
20:36:50	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	7
20:38:20	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	7
20:38:25	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	7
20:38:29	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	3
20:38:31	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	3
20:40:03	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	20
20:43:05	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	11

20:47:25	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	18
20:50:40	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	1
20:54:45	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	26
20:58:03	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	17
21:05:59	<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	3
21:09:26	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2
21:11:53	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6
21:13:14	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:13:49	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	17
21:13:57	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	3
21:14:59	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	8
21:24:20	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	10
21:26:03	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	0*
21:27:57	<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	27
21:28:47	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	3
21:29:47	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	16
21:31:06	<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	28
21:31:18	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	21

^aNB. The number of calls per recording that are calculated by the BatExplorer Software during analysis of the data.

* 0 calls is when the software has not been able to recognise individual bat calls (e.g. quiet or distant pass) and therefore cannot calculate the number of calls within the recording, but the species has been identified by the reviewer.