



Proposed development for single rear
storey extension and partial garage
conversion

Design & Access Statement

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1.0 Introduction

This design access statement has been produced in support of an outline householder planning permission application for the single rear extension and partial garage conversion should be read in conjunction with the other documents and drawings provided.

2.0 Site Description

The applicant site is within a predominant area of residential dwelling. This is a single-family dwelling with 5-bedroom, 2 bathroom and on the ground floor with living, kitchen and dining and car parking space in the front of the house.

The property itself is thus situated in a central location, on a mixed-use road amongst local services and amenities.

The application site is very well connected and benefits from a good level of sustainable local transportation links and connections.

Schools are plentiful within walking distance, such as Waingels College and the Willow bank junior school.

The application site is not in a conservation area, and it is not a listed building.

The applicant site is not within the high risk of surface water flooding.



3.0 The Proposal

3.1 Use

The property is currently a C3 Use Class single dwelling house and is intended remain as it is.

3.2 Layout

The proposal was to create a suitable scheme to make good use of the site. The design has been carefully considered with regards to building footprint and height, location on the site, architectural approach, and the relationships and materials.

Like a lot of other developments along Duffield Road the current owners are looking to extend to the rear of the house and change of fenestration.

The central entrance with the rooms and bathroom would remain in their current locations however the rear would be extended to provide a large open plan kitchen, dining and living area. In addition, the layout also accommodates a pantry room and utility room.

The dining area also has bi-folding doors allowing natural light and views from the kitchen.

The upstairs rooms will remain unchanged in layout, with the exception of an upgraded bathroom, which will feature a revised internal arrangement to improve functionality and modernise the space.

3.3 Appearance and Scale

- ***New rear extension blockwork - Rendering***
- ***Replacing Window style and colour – upvc double glazed (RAL7016)***

The depth and height of the single storey extensions will not have an overbearing impact or cause a significant sense of enclosure, or loss of outlook from, or light to, principal windows of habitable rooms of neighbouring properties.

The highest point of the flat roof single -storey rear extension will not exceed above 3.0 metres in height.

The proposed elements have been carefully considered to ensure the proposed changes are modest in terms of height, depth, and design. The proposal is clearly subservient to the host dwelling and there are other examples of extension of various sizes and designs in the surrounding street scene. Consequently, it can be considered that the proposal is likely to have an no impact on the character of the area.

New proposed windows have been located to ensure that there is no overlooking into neighbouring residential properties.

3.4 Landscape

Soft landscaping with low level plantation with 6ft timber fence at the rear and side of the property.

3.5 Car Parking

There are 3 off car parking spaces available to the front existing property but there is no parking restriction regulations in the vicinity of the site so overflow parking on the street would be unlikely to result in a highway safety impact.

3.6 Access

All newly constructed work, door openings, corridors, manoeuvrability within rooms are, and will be, in full compliance with Approved Document Part M.

3.7 Overlooking

The height and massing have been carefully considered. In addition, great care has been placed upon the location and design of windows, being mindful of the overall composition and to avoid overlooking too neighbouring dwellings and gardens.

3.8 Sustainability and Energy Efficiency

The development incorporates high quality, durable and locally sourced material, ensuring sustainability and longevity.

4.0 Planning Policy Context

4.1 Planning history

Application no: 981597 Proposed Replacement Of Existing Garage Roof (Retrospective) permission was granted

4.2 Planning Policies

National Planning Policy Framework 2021 (NPPF)

The new National Planning Policy Framework was issued in 2021 and the following paragraphs are considered to be relevant.

Paragraph 38 confirms that Local Planning Authorities should approach decisions on proposed developments in a positive and creative way. They should work proactively with applicants to secure developments that will improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area. Decision makers at every level should seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.

Paragraph 47 confirms that planning law requires that applications for planning permission be determined in accordance with the Development Plan, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The National Planning Policy Framework must be taken into account in preparing the Development Plan, and is a material consideration in planning decisions. This paragraph also states that decisions on applications should be made as quickly as possible, and within statutory timescales, unless a longer period has been agreed by the applicant in writing.

Paragraph 54 advises that Local Planning Authorities should consider whether otherwise unacceptable development could be made acceptable through the use of conditions.

Paragraph 55 advises that planning conditions should be kept to a minimum and only imposed where they are necessary, relevant to planning and to the development to be permitted, enforceable, precise and reasonable in all other respects. Conditions that are required to be discharged before development commences should be avoided.

Paragraph 119 advises that planning decisions should promote an effective use of land in meeting the need for homes and other uses, while safeguarding and improving the environment and ensuring safe and healthy living conditions

Paragraph 124 highlights that Planning policies and decisions should support development that makes efficient use of land, taking into account.

Paragraph 130 states that the creation of high quality buildings and places is fundamental to what the planning and development process should achieve. Good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, creates better places in which to live and work and helps make development acceptable to communities.

Development should:

- A. Function well and add to the overall quality of the area, not just for the short term but over the lifetime of the development.
- B. Be visually attractive as a result of good architecture, layout and appropriate and effective landscaping.
- C. Be sympathetic to local character and history, including the surrounding built environment and landscape setting, while not preventing or discouraging

appropriate innovation or change (such as increased densities).

- D. Optimise the potential of the Site to accommodate and sustain an appropriate amount and mix of development (including green and other public space) and support local facilities and transport networks
- E. Create places that are safe, inclusive and accessible and which promote health and well-being, with a high standard of amenity for existing and future users; and where crime and disorder, and the fear of crime, do not undermine the quality of life

The intended proposals have been developed in compliance with

- Wokingham Borough Local Development Framework
- Managing Development Delivery Local Plan
 - **Policy CP1 Character & Design**
 - **Policy CP3 Neighbour Impact**
 - **Policy CP6 Highways**
 - **Policy CP7 Ecology**

House extensions and ancillary accommodation, will be approved where:

- A. They are of a high quality of design that matches or complements the style of the dwelling and the surrounding area.
- B. The size, scale and materials of development are in keeping with the original dwelling and the surrounding area.

- C. The extensions and alterations are designed so that there shall be no significant reduction in the living conditions of the occupiers of neighbouring properties. In particular, extensions must not result in
- Loss of outlook, from the main windows of neighbouring habitable rooms a significant loss of light/overshadowing for neighbours,
 - An overbearing or over-dominant effect on the habitable rooms of neighbouring properties.
 - A significant loss of privacy for neighbouring residents

4.0 Conclusion

The presence of rear extensions is a common feature in a typical residential street. This is evidenced in the surrounding context, with some properties in the same street already having rear extensions in situ. As such the proposal will not be out of context or have an in principle detrimental impact upon the building and surrounding character/street scene.

The proposed scale and use of materials result in a proposal that is subservient to and respects the character of the existing building, resulting in a modification that retains its overall proportions and architectural legibility.

No part of the extensions and alterations will be higher than the highest part of the host dwelling house.

We therefore believe the proposals should be supported as a positive contribution to the neighbourhood.