

Date: 19 September 2024
Our ref: 488052
Your ref: 242252



Wokingham Borough council
development.control@wokingham.gov.uk

BY EMAIL ONLY

Hornbeam House
Crewe Business Park
Electra Way
Crewe
Cheshire
CW1 6GJ

T 0300 060 3900

Dear Sir/Madam

Planning consultation: Full Planning Permission for the change of use of the Moat House building from office (Use Class E) to residential (Use Class C3) to provide 4no. residential dwellings and associated internal roads, parking, landscaping, drainage, plant, bin, and cycle storage

Location: Moat House, Biggs Lane, Arborfield, Wokingham, RG2 9LN

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 10 September 2024 which was received by Natural England on 10 September 2024

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

SUMMARY OF NATURAL ENGLAND'S ADVICE

FURTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IMPACTS ON DESIGNATED SITES

The proposed development has the potential to have a harmful effect on terrestrial Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) and those Special Areas of Conservation (SACs), Special Protection Areas (SPAs) or Ramsar sites that they underpin.

Natural England's statutory advice on these potential impacts is set out below.

Designated sites

Further information required - recreational pressure impacts to European Sites (habitats sites)

This development site is within the zone of influence (Zol) for recreational pressure impacts to one or more European Sites (habitats sites).

Within this Zol, proposals for any net increase in residential units will have a likely significant effect on the qualifying features of the European Site(s) (habitats site(s)) through increased recreational pressure when considered either alone or in combination with other plans and projects. Your authority has measures in place to manage these potential impacts through a strategic solution which Natural England considers will be effective in preventing adverse impacts on the integrity of the site(s).

Notwithstanding this, Natural England advises that these measures should be formally checked and confirmed by your authority, as the competent authority, via an **appropriate assessment** in view of

the [Natural England Access to Evidence - Conservation Objectives for European Sites](#) and in accordance with the Conservation of Habitats & Species Regulations 2017 (as amended). Providing the appropriate assessment concludes that the measures can be secured, it is likely that Natural England will be satisfied that there will be no adverse effect on the integrity of the European Site(s) (habitats site(s)) in relation to recreational disturbance.

Where the proposal includes bespoke mitigation that falls outside of the strategic solution, Natural England should be consulted.

Reserved Matters applications, and in some cases the discharge/removal/variation of conditions, where the permission was granted prior to the introduction of the strategic approach, should also be subject to the requirements of the Conservation of Habitats & Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) and our advice above applies.

Discretionary Advice

Natural England may provide further advice to the applicant through the discretionary advice service (DAS). Refer to [Developers: get environmental advice on your planning proposals - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#) for more information.

Other advice

Priority habitats and Species

Priority habitats and Species are of particular importance for nature conservation and are included in the England Biodiversity List published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006. Most priority habitats will be mapped either as Sites of Special Scientific Interest, on the Magic website or as Local Wildlife Sites. A list of priority habitats and species can be found on [Gov.uk](#).

Natural England does not routinely hold species data, such data should be collected when impacts on priority habitats or species are considered likely. Consideration should also be given to the potential environmental value of brownfield sites, often found in urban areas and former industrial land, further information including links to the open mosaic habitats inventory can be found [here](#).

Impact Risk Zones for Sites of Special Scientific Interest

We strongly recommend that local planning authorities (LPAs) use Natural England's Impact Risk Zones for Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI IRZs) (available from the [Natural England Open Data Geoportal \(arcgis.com\)](#) and to use on [MAGIC \(defra.gov.uk\)](#) along with guidance) to decide when to consult Natural England on development proposals that might affect a SSSI.

The SSSI IRZs tool is quick and simple to use and gives instant planning advice as a formal consultation response in certain circumstances. Use of the SSSI IRZs avoids the need for a formal email consultation on some development proposals, reducing unnecessary delays in the planning process. In turn this allows Natural England to concentrate resources on development proposals with the highest risks and opportunities for nature recovery.

[Planning and transport authorities: get environmental advice on planning - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#) provides further guidance on when LPAs must consult Natural England on development proposals.

Further general advice on the consideration of protected species and other natural environment issues is provided at Annex A.

We would be happy to comment further should the need arise but if in the meantime you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact us.

For any queries regarding this letter, for new consultations, or to provide further information on this consultation please send your correspondences to consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

Yours faithfully

James Ward-Gwilliam
Consultations Team